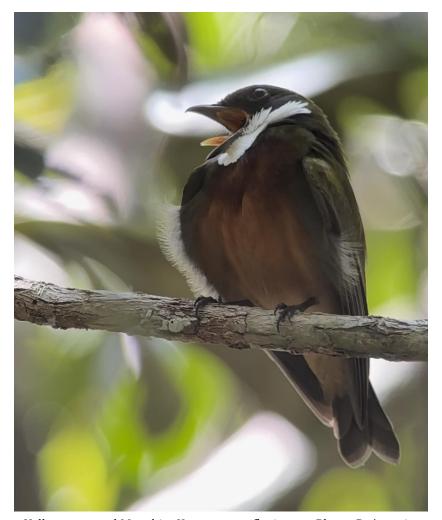
## **FIELD REPORT**

# UNDISCOVERED EASTERN COLOMBIA: BIRDING SECRETS OF THE WHITE SANDS OF INIRIDA

**JANUARY 3-11, 2024** 



Yellow-crowned Manakin, *Heterocercus flavivertex*. Photo: D. Ascanio.

LEADERS: DAVID ASCANIO, DANIEL CAMILO ORJUELA, & BRIAN ROJAS LIST COMPILED BY: DAVID ASCANIO

> VICTOR EMANUEL NATURE TOURS, INC. 2525 WALLINGWOOD DRIVE, SUITE 1003 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78746 WWW.VENTBIRD.COM

# **UNDISCOVERED EASTERN COLOMBIA: BIRDING SECRETS** OF THE WHITE SANDS OF INIRIDA

**JANUARY 3-11, 2024** By David Ascanio

eBird Trip Report ebird.org/tripreport/193716

## Photo album

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720314755109

As our flight approached Puerto Inirida, we could see below us the sinuous course of the Vichada and Inirida Rivers, edged by oxbow lakes and embedded in what seemed from the air an extensive but unvaried forest. In the days to come, we would



realize that that impression of uniformity was an illusion, and that the idea of the "microhabitat" is very important in finding the birds of this complex biome.

Our field trips started in a sandy-soil savanna surrounded by sandy-soil forest. Here we experienced a blast of amazing birds, ranging from Spangled Cotinga and Black-headed Parrot (both scoped) to Whitenaped Seedeater, three species of parrots, macaws, and parakeets. But what really made our afternoon was an encounter with a family of the astonishing and extremely rare Azurenaped Jay (*Cyanocorax* heilprini). This white-sand

specialist is, in my experience, one of the most difficult of all jays to see in South America. Enjoying views of this species perched and preening in this unique habitat was a gift from nature, the strong rays of the sun notwithstanding.

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A morning in the community of Sabanita followed, where the welcoming party included three Sunbitterns displaying at close range. How magical! Birding this area also provided superb views of two dull species found only here on this savanna, Brown-headed Greenlet and Pale-bellied Mourner. Other, commoner birds seen included Wedge-tailed Grass-Finch and Swallow-winged Puffbird.

As the morning warmed, we headed toward the sandy-belt forest, where an array of skulky species welcomed us, including Imeri Warbling-Antbird, White-flanked Antwren, and a secretive pair of Amazonian Antshrikes. We also observed Paradise Jacamar and Rufous-tailed Flatbill. The morning closed with astonishing views of a displaying male Yellow-crowned Manakin and with a superb lunch prepared by the community's chief family.



White-browed Antbird, *Myrmoborus leucophrys.* Photo: D. Ascanio.

After a well-deserved siesta, we explored sandy-soil scrub and grassland in the afternoon. We added views of the secretive Rufous-crowned Elaenia and Ashthroated Crake. As we closed out the day afield, we observed a dozen Common Nighthawks and a few Least Nighthawks. The former is a boreal migrant, stitching

the Americas together on its migration. A great dinner rounded off a superb day and allowed us to recharge our batteries for the next day, when we had plans to explore a riverine forest.



Black Bushbird, female, Neoctantes niger. Photo: C. Orjuela.

The following day found us riding across the Inirida River to reach a trail on the opposite bank. But while we were on the boat, I noticed that I had left my backpack in the hotel's reception area, so we had to call our driver to bring it to the port. Our forced detour was blessed by the sight of a Giant River Otter digesting an enormous catfish.

With my backpack in hand, we headed to our destination, the Matraca Trail. We walked up the slightly steep riverbank, then headed to a patch of riverine forest with bare twigs and branches scattered through the understory, where a male Amazonian Black-Tyrant was displaying. Seemingly half-manakin and half-flycatcher, this bird was enjoyed in the scope by everyone. As we continued into the forest, an endless number of specialties showed up. It was non-stop birding with astonishing birds, as if pulled out of a magician's hat by our local guides, Camilo and Brian.



Speckled Spinetail, Cranioleuca gutturata. Photo: C. Orjuela.

We hadn't gone far on the trail when we started seeing White-browed Antbird and Blackish-gray Antshrike. Then we enjoyed superb views of the rare Lemon-chested Greenlet and a pair of the localized Orinoco Softtail. (From the first time I saw this softtail in Inirida, I have wondered if it is actually a taxon distinct from the one in Venezuela). We also observed Ringed Woodpecker, Speckled Spinetail, and Masked Crimson Tanager. Our outing peaked with a pair of Black Bushbirds in a thicket: the female stayed to sing for a long time from the same branch.

The morning closed with a pair of Green-tailed Jacamars perched at eye level as we drank electrolytes and got ready for the boat ride back to Inirida, where we enjoyed another wonderful lunch.



Green-tailed Jacamar, Galbula galbula. Photo: C. Orjuela.

The following morning found us having another very early breakfast before heading to the Inirida River again, where we birded a different trail, El Paujil. It had rained in the night, and this was a more humid morning than the one before. Among the specialties, we nailed Yellow-crowned Elaenia and the always beautiful Wire-tailed Manakin. We also found Chestnut-capped Puffbird and Amazonian, Black-tailed, and Green-backed trogons. The manakin lek provided astonishing views of a male mating with a female. As if that wasn't enough, on the walk back to the boat I noticed a pigeon-sized bird that turned out—thanks to Brian's eyes—to be a Tiny Hawk, closing another morning of wonderful Neotropical birds.

In the afternoon, we headed downstream to the Guaviare River, where we encountered a pair of White-eared Jacamars and Chestnut-backed Antshrikes of a disjunct population. The boat trip back to Puerto Inirida turned into a dream, with dozens of egrets and cormorants flying to roost while native children played on the beaches beneath a golden sunset. It had been another unforgettable day.



Gray-bellied Antbird, Ammonastes pelzelni. Photo: D. Ascanio.

The fourth day found us heading into Campinha habitat, seasonally flooded scrub vegetation bordering seasonally flooded sandy-soil forest. A search of the forest understory gave us the opportunity to see one of the least-known members of the family Thamnophilidae, the Yapacana Antbird. We melted at the beauty of a Bronzy Jacamar while singing Eastern Meadowlarks greeted the morning from the grassland. As we walked into the forest, we heard one of the most intriguing and secretive birds here, the Gray-bellied Antbird. It took a while for everyone to see it—and then to celebrate the successes of yet another magical morning.

In the afternoon, we took a boat to the Mavicure Outcrops. While we admired their grandeur, we found White-banded Swallow, Spotted and Least Sandpipers, and other, more widespread birds. And as one of the pinnacles of the tour's spectacular sightings, we nailed the Orange-breasted Falcon, a pair in flight and then perched on a ledge on one of the outcrops.

Our last full day in this magical land started on the Inirida River at dawn. A fast boat took us by way of the Inirida, Guaviare, and Atabapo Rivers to the Orinoco. Our target was a river island where our one and only Camilo had located the Rio Orinoco Spinetail, a bird that in 2009 I was privileged to describe to science with my

colleague Steve Hilty. The discovery of this spinetail and, later, of a softtail were important steps in the effort to understand the complexity of this river.



Yapacana Antbird, *Aprositornis disjuncta*. Photo: D. Ascanio.

Though the Orinoco had been explored in the past, our return visits in the 1980s and 1990s gave us a broader perspective and a deeper understanding. One of the greatest findings was the realization that the Orinoco is a distinct biome, with its own distinctive habitats and birds, rather than just a distributional boundary between Amazonian and Orinoco-Guianas species. The opportunity to see birds restricted to the river islands and birds restricted to the gallery forest was a privilege and a joy. For my part, it was like going back to where I grew up, and even though I bird the Orinoco every year, I feel that it never gives up its secrets entirely. I feel like this river flows in my veins.

Our evening return to Puerto Inirida reminded us once again what an honor it was to have been here, enjoying the birds of this magical land and meeting the very special people who made this the trip of a lifetime.

Now that you have enjoyed this area of wonderful Colombia, I invite you to explore other Neotropical destinations, all equally beautiful and all different in birdlife. Among them are:

Cuba, Birds & Culture: Supporting the Cuban People

Photo album of the 2023 tour:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720310234940/

youtube.com/watch?v=ylRHvB1jzdI

The Amazon River Cruise

Photo album of the 2023 tour:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720308130339/

Video:

<u>voutube.com/watch?v=1b3xYG0cPSo</u>

Brazil: Iguaçu Falls, Pantanal, and Southern Amazon

Photo albums of the 2023 tours:

Iguaçu Falls pre-tour:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720311613250/ Pantanal:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720311912520/

Southern Amazon extension:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720311973301/

Colombia: Magdalena River Valley & Western Andes

Photo album of the 2022 tour:

flickr.com/photos/davidascanio/albums/72177720300978080

#### **ITINERARY**

03 Jan 2024. Arrival.

04 Jan 2024. Flight to Inirida. Caño Culebra.

05 Jan 2024. Sabanita. Curva de los Pepes.

06 Jan 2024. Matraca Trail. Caño Cunubén.

07 Jan 2024. El Paujil Trail. Curva de los Pepes.

08 Jan 2024. Rio Orinoco.

09 Jan 2024. Flor de Inirida Trail. Curva de los Pepes.

10 Jan 2024. Sabanita. Flight to Bogota.

11 Jan 2024. Departure.

#### **KEY**

Red – white sandy-soil species, of mostly Guianan distribution

Blue – boreal migrants

**Boldface** – rare, unusual, or otherwise of particular interest

H – heard only

Remarks: to explore detailed information about each sighting, including the date and the number of individuals seen, please refer to the eBird Trip Report at <a href="mailto:ebird.org/tripreport/193716">ebird.org/tripreport/193716</a>.

#### **BIRDS**

#### Tinamous, Tinamidae

Cinereous Tinamou, Crypturellus cinereus. H

#### Ducks & Geese, Anatidae

Muscovy Duck, Cairina moschata.

#### Chachalacas, Cracidae

Blue-throated Piping-Guan, Pipile cumanensis.

Crestless Curassow, Mitu tomentosum.

#### Pigeons & Doves, Columbidae

Rock Pigeon, Columba livia.

Pale-vented Pigeon, Patagioenas cayennensis.

Scaled Pigeon, Patagioenas speciosa.

Ruddy Pigeon, Patagioenas subvinacea.

Ruddy Ground-Dove, Columbina talpacoti.

Ruddy Quail-Dove, Geotrygon montana.

White-tipped Dove, Leptotila verreauxi.

#### Cuckoos, Cuculidae

Smooth-billed Ani, Crotophaga ani.

Groove-billed Ani, Crotophaga sulcirostris.

Little Cuckoo, Coccycua minuta.

Squirrel Cuckoo, Piaya cayana.

## Nightjars & Allies, Caprimulgidae

Least Nighthawk, Chordeiles pusillus.

Common Nighthawk, Chordeiles minor.

Band-tailed Nighthawk. Nyctiprogne leucopyga.

## Swifts, Apodidae

Gray-rumped Swift, *Chaetura cinereiventris*.
Ashy-tailed Swift, *Chaetura andrei*. This sighting needs confirmation. Short-tailed Swift, *Chaetura brachyura*.
Fork-tailed Palm-Swift, *Tachornis squamata*.

#### Hummingbirds, Trochilidae

Long-billed Starthroat, *Heliomaster longirostris*. Green-tailed Goldenthroat, *Polytmus theresiae*. Amethyst Woodstar, *Calliphlox amethystina*. Fork-tailed Woodnymph, *Thalurania furcata*. Versicolored Emerald, *Chrysuronia versicolor*. Glittering-throated Emerald, *Chionomesa fimbriata*. Blue-chinned Sapphire, *Chlorestes notata*. Rufous-throated Sapphire, *Hylocharis sapphirina*.

#### Rails, Gallinules & Coots, Rallidae

Ash-throated Crake, Mustelirallus albicollis.

#### Stilts & Avocets, Recurvirostridae

Black-necked Stilt, Himantopus mexicanus.

## Plovers & Lapwings, Charadriidae

Pied Plover, *Hoploxypterus cayanus*. Southern Lapwing, *Vanellus chilensis*. Collared Plover, *Charadrius collaris*.

## Sandpipers & Allies, Scolopacidae

Giant Snipe, Gallinago undulata.
Spotted Sandpiper, Actitis macularius.
Solitary Sandpiper, Tringa solitaria.
Greater Yellowlegs, Tringa melanoleuca.
Lesser Yellowlegs, Tringa flavipes.
Least Sandpiper, Calidris minutilla.

#### Gulls, Terns & Skimmers, Laridae

Yellow-billed Tern, *Sternula superciliaris*. Large-billed Tern, *Phaetusa simplex*. Black Skimmer, *Rynchops niger*.

#### Sunbittern, Eurypygidae

Sunbittern, Eurypyga helias.

#### Storks, Ciconiidae

Wood Stork, Mycteria americana.

## Anhingas, Anhingidae

Anhinga, Anhinga anhinga.

#### Cormorants & Shags, Phalacrocoracidae

Neotropic Cormorant, Nannopterum brasilianum.

#### Herons, Egrets & Bitterns, Ardeidae

Cocoi Heron, Ardea cocoi.
Great Egret, Ardea alba.
Snowy Egret, Egretta thula.
Little Blue Heron, Egretta caerulea.
Western Cattle Egret, Bubulcus ibis.
Striated Heron, Butorides striata.
Capped Heron, Pilherodius pileatus.
Black-capped Night-Heron, Nycticorax nycxticorax.

#### Ibises and Spoonbills, Threskiornithidae

Bare-faced Ibis, Phimosus infuscatus.

#### New World Vultures, Cathartidae

Black Vulture, *Coragyps atratus*.

Turkey Vulture, *Cathartes aura*.

Greater Yellow-headed Vulture, *Cathartes melambrotus*.

## Osprey, Pandionidae

Osprey, Pandion haliaetus.

## Hawks, Eagles & Kites, Accipitridae

Double-toothed Kite, Harpagus bidentatus. Swallow-tailed Kite, Elanoides forficatus. Black Hawk-Eagle, Spizaetus tyrannus. Tiny Hawk, Microspizias superciliosus. Plumbeous Kite, Ictinia plumbea. Crane Hawk, Geranospiza caerulescens. Savanna Hawk, Buteogallus meridionalis. Great Black Hawk, Buteogallus urubitinga. Roadside Hawk, Rupornis magnirostris.

#### Owls, Strigidae

Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl, Glaucidium brasilianum.

## Trogons, Trogonidae

Black-tailed Trogon, *Trogon melanurus*. Green-backed Trogon, *Trogon viridis*. Amazonian Trogon, *Trogon ramonianus*. Blue-crowned Trogon, *Trogon curucui*.

## Kingfishers, Alcedinidae

Ringed Kingfisher, *Megaceryle torquata*. Amazon Kingfisher, *Chloroceryle amazona*.

#### Puffbirds, Bucconidae

Chestnut-capped Puffbird, *Bucco macrodactylus*. Spotted Puffbird, *Bucco tamatia*. Black-fronted Nunbird, *Monasa nigrifrons*. Swallow-winged Puffbird, *Chelidoptera tenebrosa*.

## Jacamars, Galbulidae

White-eared Jacamar, *Galbalcyrhynchus leucotis*. Green-tailed Jacamar, *Galbula galbula*.

## Bronzy Jacamar, Galbula leucogastra.

Paradise Jacamar, Galbula dea.

## New World Barbets, Capitonidae

Gilded Barbet, Capito auratus.

## Toucans, Ramphastidae

 $Lettered\ Aracari,\ Pteroglossus\ inscriptus.$ 

White-throated Toucan, Ramphastos tucanus.

## Woodpeckers, Picidae

Orinoco Piculet, Picumnus pumilus.

Golden-spangled Piculet, Picumnus exilis.

Yellow-tufted Woodpecker, Melanerpes cruentatus.

Little Woodpecker, Dryobates passerinus.

Red-stained Woodpecker, Dryobates affinis.

Crimson-crested Woodpecker, Campephilus melanoleucos.

Lineated Woodpecker, Dryocopus lineatus.

Ringed Woodpecker, Celeus torquatus.

Waved Woodpecker (lumped with Scaly-breasted Woodpecker), Celeus undatus.

Cream-colored Woodpecker, Celeus flavus.

Chestnut Woodpecker, Celeus elegans.

## Falcons & Caracaras, Falconidae

Crested Caracara, Caracara plancus.

Black Caracara, Daptrius ater.

Yellow-headed Caracara, Daptrius chimachima.

Bat Falcon, Falco rufigularis.

Orange-breasted Falcon, Falco deiroleucus.

#### New World and African Parrots, Psittacidae

Cobalt-winged Parakeet, Brotogeris cyanoptera.

Blue-headed Parrot, Pionus menstruus.

Mealy Parrot, Amazona farinosa.

Orange-winged Parrot, Amazona amazonica.

Black-headed Parrot, Pionites melanocephalus.

Maroon-tailed Parakeet, Pyrrhura melanura.

Brown-throated Parakeet, Eupsittula pertinax.

Blue-and-yellow Macaw, Ara ararauna.

Chestnut-fronted Macaw, Ara severus.

Scarlet Macaw, Ara macao.

Red-and-green Macaw, Ara chloropterus.

## Typical Antbirds, Thamnophilidae

Black-crested Antshrike, Sakesphorus canadensis.

Chestnut-backed Antshrike, Thamnophilus palliatus.

Blackish-gray Antshrike, Thamnophilus nigrocinereus.

Amazonian Antshrike, Thamnomanes amazonicus.

Pygmy Antwren, Myrmotherula brachyura.

Amazonian Streaked-Antwren, Myrmotherula multostriata.

Cherrie's Antwren, Myrmotherula cherriei.

White-flanked Antwren, Myrmotherula axillaris.

Southern White-fringed Antwren, *Formicivora grisea*. (It should be called Eastern White-fringed Antwren).

## Imeri Warbling-Antbird, Hypocnemis flavescens.

Dusky Antbird, Cercomacroides tyrannina.

Gray Antbird, Cercomacra cinerascens.

White-browed Antbird, Myrmoborus leucophrys.

Black-chinned Antbird, Hypocnemoides melanopogon.

Yapacana Antbird, Aprositornis disjuncta.

Gray-bellied Antbird, Ammonastes pelzelni.

## Ovenbirds & Woodcreepers, Furnariidae

Olivaceous Woodcreeper, Sittasomus griseicapillus (a future split into multiple species).

Long-billed Woodcreeper, Nasica longirostris.

Black-banded Woodcreeper, Dendrocolaptes picumnus.

Striped Woodcreeper, Xiphorhynchus obsoletus.

Ocellated Woodcreeper, Xiphorhynchus ocellatus.

Buff-throated Woodcreeper, Xiphorhynchus guttatus.

Straight-billed Woodcreeper, Dendroplex picus.

Slender-billed Xenops, Xenops tenuirostris.

Cinnamon-rumped Foliage-Gleaner, Philydor pyrrhodes.

## Orinoco Softtail, Thripophaga cherriei.

Rusty-backed Spinetail, Cranioleuca vulpina.

Speckled Spinetail, Cranioleuca gutturata.

Plain-crowned Spinetail, Synallaxis gujanensis.

Rio Orinoco Spinetail, Synallaxis beverlyae.

Pale-breasted Spinetail, Synallaxis albescens.

## Manakins, Pipridae

Saffron-crested Tyrant-Manakin, Neopelma chrysocephalum.

Black Manakin, Xenopipo atronitens.

Yellow-crowned Manakin, Heterocercus flavivertex.

## Wire-tailed Manakin, Pipra filicauda.

White-crowned Manakin, Pseudopipra pipra.

#### Cotingas, Cotingidae

Amazonian Umbrellabird, Cephalopterus ornatus.

## Capuchinbird, Perissocephalus tricolor.

Spangled Cotinga, Cotinga cayana.

Screaming Piha, Lipaugus vociferans.

Bare-necked Fruitcrow, Gymnoderus foetidus.

## Tityras & Allies, Tityridae

Black-tailed Tityra, Tityra cayana.

Varzea (Greater) Schiffornis, Schiffornis major.

Brown-winged Schiffornis, Schiffornis turdina.

Chestnut-crowned Becard, Pachyramphus castaneus.

## Tyrant Flycatchers, Tyrannidae

Short-tailed Pygmy-Tyrant, Myiornis ecaudatus.

Helmeted Pygmy-Tyrant, Lophotriccus galeatus.

Slate-headed Tody-Flycatcher, Poecilotriccus sylvia.

Common Tody-Flycatcher, Todirostrum cinereum.

Gray-crowned Flatbill, *Tolmomyias poliocephalus*.

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Cliff Flycatcher, Hirundinea ferruginea. Villavicencio.

White-lored Tyrannulet, Ornithion inerme.

Southern Beardless-Tyrannulet, Camptostoma obsoletum.

Northern Mouse-colored Tyrannulet, Neotriccus incomta.

Yellow Tyrannulet, Capsiempis flaveola. H.

Yellow-crowned Tyrannulet, Tyrannulus elatus.

Forest Elaenia, Myiopagis gaimardii. H.

## Yellow-crowned Elaenia, Myiopagis flavivertex.

Plain-crested Elaenia, Elaenia cristata.

Rufous-crowned Elaenia, Elaenia ruficeps.

Slender-footed Tyrannulet, Zimmerius gracilipes.

Amazonian Tyrannulet, Sublegatus obscurior.

Fuscous Tyrannulet, Cnemotriccus fuscatus.

Riverside Tyrant, Knipolegus orenocensis.

Amazonian Black-Tyrant, Knipolegus poecilocercus.

Pied Water-Tyrant, Fluvicola pica.

Drab Water Tyrant, Ochthornis littoralis.

Rufous-tailed Flatbill, Ramphotrigon ruficuada.

Cinnamon Attila, Attila cinnamomeus.

Citron-bellied Attila, Attila citriniventris.

Grayish Mourner, Rhytipterna simplex.

## Pale-bellied Mourner, Rhytipterna immunda.

Dusky-capped Flycatcher, Myiarchus tuberculifer.

Swainson's Flycatcher, Myiarchus swainsoni.

Short-crested Flycatcher, Myiarchus ferox.

Lesser Kiskadee, Pitangus lictor.

Great Kiskadee, Pitangus sulphuratus.

Rusty-margined Flycatcher, Myiozetetes cayanensis.

Social Flycatcher, Myiozetetes similis.

Yellow-throated Flycatcher, Conopias parvus.

Piratic Flycatcher, Legatus leucophaius.

Sulphury Flycatcher, Tyrannopsis sulphurea.

Tropical Kingbird, Tyrannus melancholicus.

Gray Kingbird, Tyrannus dominicensis.

River Tyrannulet, Serpophaga hypoleuca.

## Vireos, Shrike-Babblers & Erpornis, Vireonidae

Rufous-browed Peppershrike, Cyclarhis gujanensis.

Brown-headed Greenlet, Hylophilus brunneiceps.

Lemon-chested Greenlet, Hylophilus thoracicus.

Red-eyed Vireo, Vireo olivaceus.

Chivi Vireo, Vireo chivi.

#### Crows, Jays & Magpies, Corvidae

Azure-naped Jay, Cyanocorax heilprini.

#### Donacobius, Donacobiidae

Black-capped Donacobius, Donacobius atricapilla.

## Martins & Swallows, Hirundinidae

Black-collared Swallow, Pygochelidon melanoleuca.

White-banded Swallow, Atticora fasciata.

Southern Rough-winged Swallow, Stelgidopteryx ruficollis.

Gray-breasted Martin, *Progne chalybea*. White-winged Swallow, *Tachycineta albiventer*.

## Gnatcatchers, Polioptilidae

Long-billed Gnatwren, *Ramphocaenus melanurus*. Tropical Gnatcatcher, *Polioptila plumbea*.

## Wrens, Troglodytidae

House Wren, *Troglodytes aedon*. Thrush-like Wren, *Campylorhynchus turdinus*. Coraya Wren, *Pheugopedius coraya*. Buff-breasted Wren, *Cantorchilus leucotis*.

## Mockingbirds & Thrashers, Mimidae

Tropical Mockingbird, Mimus gilvus.

## Thrushes & Allies, Turdidae

Black-billed Thrush, *Turdus ignobilis*.. Campina Thrush, *Turdus arthuri* (split from Black-billed Thrush, *Turdus ignobilis*).

#### Finches, Euphonias & Allies, Fringillidae

Plumbeous Euphonia, Euphonia plumbea.

## New World Sparrows, Passerellidae

Yellow-browed Sparrow, Ammodramus humeralis.

## Troupials & Allies, Icteridae

Eastern Meadowlark, Sturnella magna.

Crested Oropendola, Psarocolius decumanus.

## Olive (Amazonian) Oropendola, Psarocolius bifasciatus.

Yellow-rumped Cacique, Cacicus cela.

Red-rumped Cacique, Cacicus haemorrhous.

Epaulet Oriole Icterus cayanensis.

Shiny Cowbird, Molothrus bonariensis.

Velvet-fronted Grackle, Lampropsar tanagrinus.

## New World Warblers, Parulidae

Northern Waterthrush, *Parkesia noveboracensis*. Yellow Warbler, *Setophaga petechia*. Blackpoll Warbler, *Setophaga striata*.

## Tanagers & Allies, Thraupidae

Red-capped Cardinal, Paroaria gularis.

Black-faced Tanager, Schistochlamys melanopis.

Hooded Tanager, Nemosia pileata.

Orange-headed Tanager, Thlypopsis sordida.

Gray-headed Tanager, Eucometis penicillata.

Red-shouldered Tanager, Tachyphonus phoenicius.

Silver-beaked Tanager, Ramphocelus carbo.

Masked Crimson Tanager, Ramphocelus nigrogularis.

Blue-gray Tanager, Thraupis episcopus.

Palm Tanager, Thraupis palmarum.

Burnished-buff Tanager, Tangara cayana.

Turquoise Tanager, Tangara mexicana.

Opal-rumped Tanager, Tangara vella.
Yellow-bellied Dacnis, Dacnis flaviventer.
Blue Dacnis, Dacnis cayana.
Purple Honeycreeper, Cyanerpes caeruleus.
Red-legged Honeycreeper, Cyanerpes cyaneus.
Orange-fronted Yellow-Finch, Sicalis columbiana.
Wedge-tailed Grass-Finch, Emberizoides herbicola.
Blue-black Grassquit, Volatinia jacarina.
Ruddy-breasted Seedeater, Sporophila minuta.
Chestnut-bellied Seed-Finch, Sporophila angolensis.
White-naped Seedeater, Sporophila fringilloides.
Yellow-bellied Seedeater, Sporophila nigricollis.
Bananaquit, Coereba flaveola.
Buff-throated Saltator, Saltator maximus.

## **OTHER SPECIES**

#### **MAMMALS**

## New World Monkeys, Cebidae

Yellow-handed Titi Monkey, *Callicebus torquatus*. Brown (or Tufted) Capuchin, *Cabus apella*.

## Weasels, Otters & Allies, Mustelidae

Giant Otter, Pteronura brasiliensis.

## River Dolphins, Platanistidae

Pink River Dolphin, Inia geoffrensis.

## **REPTILES**

Tegu Lizard, Salvator merianae.